

## GUIDELINES TO PREDICT THE SOLUBILITY OF IONIC COMPOUNDS

SOLUBLE COMPOUNDS	Exceptions
Almost all salts of $\text{Na}^+$ , $\text{K}^+$ , $\text{NH}_4^+$  <b>Salts of:</b> nitrate, $\text{NO}_3^-$ chlorate, $\text{ClO}_3^-$ perchlorate, $\text{ClO}_4^-$ acetate, $\text{CH}_3\text{CO}_2^-$	
Almost all salts of $\text{Cl}^-$ , $\text{Br}^-$ , $\text{I}^-$	Halides of $\text{Ag}^+$ , $\text{Hg}_2^{2+}$ , $\text{Pb}^{2+}$
Salts containing $\text{F}^-$	Fluorides of $\text{Mg}^{2+}$ , $\text{Ca}^{2+}$ , $\text{Sr}^{2+}$ , $\text{Ba}^{2+}$ , $\text{Pb}^{2+}$
Salts of sulfate, $\text{SO}_4^{2-}$	Sulfates of $\text{Ca}^{2+}$ , $\text{Sr}^{2+}$ , $\text{Ba}^{2+}$ , $\text{Pb}^{2+}$ , $\text{Ag}^+$

INSOLUBLE COMPOUNDS	EXCEPTIONS
<b>Most salts of:</b> Carbonate, $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$ Phosphate, $\text{PO}_4^{3-}$ Oxalate, $\text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-}$ Chromate, $\text{CrO}_4^{2-}$ Sulfide, $\text{S}^{2-}$	Salts of $\text{NH}_4^+$ and the alkali metal cations
Most metal hydroxides and oxides	Alkali metal hydroxides and $\text{Ba}(\text{OH})_2$ and $\text{Sr}(\text{OH})_2$